Rights of the Palestinian People: Afghanistan, Cuba, Cyprus, German Democratic Republic, Guinea, Hungary, India, Indonesia, Lao People’s Democratic Republic, Madagascar, Malaysia, Malta, Pakistan, Romania, Senegal, Sierra Leone, Tunisia, Turkey, Ukrainian Soviet Socialist Republic and Yugoslavia.

3385 (XXX). Admission of the Comoros to membership in the United Nations

The General Assembly,

Having received the recommendation of the Security Council of 17 October 1975 that the Comoros should be admitted to membership in the United Nations,14

Having considered the application for membership of the Comoros,15

Reaffirming the necessity of respecting the unity and territorial integrity of the Comoro Archipelago, composed of the islands of Anjouan, Grande-Comore, Mayotte and Mohéli, as emphasized in resolution 3291 (XXIX) of 13 December 1974 and other resolutions of the General Assembly,

Decides to admit the Comoros to membership in the United Nations.

2402nd plenary meeting 12 November 1975

3386 (XXX). Report of the International Atomic Energy Agency

The General Assembly,

Having received the report of the International Atomic Energy Agency to the General Assembly for the year 1974/1975 and the addendum thereto,16

Aware that the statement of the Director General of the International Atomic Energy Agency of 12 November 1975 provides additional information on the main developments in the Agency’s activities,

Recognizing that in the course of 1975 it was made abundantly clear that further measures should be taken towards the full realization of the goal of an international non-proliferation policy,

1. Takes note of the report of the International Atomic Energy Agency and of the addendum thereto;

2. Notes that the annual report of the International Atomic Energy Agency will henceforth be based on the calendar year for the purpose of simplifying the evaluation of programme implementation;

3. Welcomes the action taken by the International Atomic Energy Agency to increase further the level of the target for voluntary contributions to the general fund of $5.5 million in 1976 and the continuing increase of total contributions of member States towards the realization of targets;

4. Notes with appreciation the increased and continuing emphasis which the International Atomic Energy Agency places in its technical assistance programme on the introduction of nuclear power and its technology in developing countries for the peaceful needs of these countries, in particular the series of training courses on nuclear power project planning and implementation;

5. Notes with satisfaction the intensification of work of the International Atomic Energy Agency, in accordance with its statute, in the fields of reactor safety and reliability, the disposal of radio-active waste, the safeguarding and physical protection of nuclear facilities and materials, and the comprehensive studies of fuel cycle facilities, including the possibility of establishing regional fuel cycle services;

6. Commends the International Atomic Energy Agency for its implementation of General Assembly resolutions 2829 (XXVI) of 16 December 1971 and 3213 (XXXIX) of 5 November 1974 regarding nuclear explosions for peaceful purposes and, in this connexion, for establishing the Ad Hoc Advisory Group on Nuclear Explosions for Peaceful Purposes to identify possible applications of peaceful nuclear explosions and to study safety, environmental and economic aspects as well as the legal implications and the procedures for assistance in carrying out peaceful explosion projects;

7. Urges all States to continue to co-operate with the International Atomic Energy Agency and to take all necessary measures to enhance the recognized efforts of the Agency in the fulfilment of its tasks in the various fields of the peaceful uses of atomic energy;

8. Requests the Secretary-General to transmit to the Director-General of the International Atomic Energy Agency the records of the thirtieth session of the General Assembly relating to the Agency’s activities.

2403rd plenary meeting 12 November 1975

3391 (XXX). Restitution of works of art to countries victims of expropriation

The General Assembly,

Aware of the paramount aims of the United Nations and particularly of its faith in fundamental human rights and in the dignity and worth of the human person,

Recalling the Declaration on the Granting of Independence to Colonial Countries and Peoples,18


Recalling General Assembly resolution 3187 (XXVIII) of 18 December 1973 concerning the restitution of works of art to countries victims of expropriation, in which the Assembly, inter alia, invited the Secretary-General, in consultation with the United Nations Educational, Scientific and Cultural Organization and Member States, to submit a report to the Assembly at its thirtieth session on the progress achieved,

Taking note of the report of the Secretary-General,20

Noting with interest the steps taken by certain States towards the restitution of works of art to countries victims of expropriation in accordance with resolution 3187 (XXVIII),

15 A/10293-S/11848. For the printed text, see Official Records of the Security Council, Thirtieth Year, Supplement for October, November and December 1975.
16 International Atomic Energy Agency, Annual Report, 1 July 1974-30 June 1975 (Vienna, July 1975) and corrigendum and addendum; transmitted to the members of the General Assembly by notes of the Secretary-General (A/10168 and Corr.1 and Add.11).
18 Resolution 1514 (XV).
20 A/10224.
Stressing that the cultural heritage of a people conditions the flowering of its artistic values and its over-all development, which are tokens of its authenticity,

Convinced that the promotion of national culture can enhance a people's ability to understand the culture and civilization of other peoples and thus can have a favourable impact on international co-operation,

1. *Affirms* that the prompt restitution to a country of its *objets d'art*, monuments, museum pieces and manuscripts by another country, without charge, is calculated to strengthen international co-operation inasmuch as it constitutes just reparation for damage done;

2. *Recognizes* in this connexion the special obligations incumbent upon those countries which had access to such valuable objects, either through particular claims or on other pretexts, as a result of their rule over or their occupation of a foreign territory;

3. *Calls upon* all States concerned to protect and safeguard the works of art which are still in Territories under their domination;


5. *Looks forward* to the meeting of the Committee of Experts to Study the Question of the Restitution of Works of Art, established by the United Nations Educational, Scientific and Cultural Organization, to be held at Cairo early in 1976, and expresses the hope that the Committee will adopt adequate measures for the restitution of works of art to countries victims of expropriation;

6. *Calls upon* those States concerned which have not already done so to proceed to the restitution of *objets d'art*, monuments, museum pieces, manuscripts and documents to their countries of origin, such restitution being calculated to strengthen international understanding and co-operation;

7. *Invites* the Secretary-General, in consultation with the United Nations Educational, Scientific and Cultural Organization and Member States, to submit a report to the General Assembly at its thirty-second session on the progress achieved.

2410th plenary meeting 19 November 1975

3395 (XXX). Question of Cyprus

The General Assembly,

Having considered the question of Cyprus,

Having heard the statements in the debate and taking note of the report of the Special Political Committee,21

Noting with concern that four rounds of talks between the representatives of the two communities in pursuance of Security Council resolution 367 (1975) of 12 March 1975 have not yet led to a mutually acceptable settlement,

Deeply concerned at the continuation of the crisis in Cyprus,

Mindful of the need to solve the Cyprus crisis without further delay by peaceful means in accordance with the purposes and principles of the United Nations,

1. *Reaffirms* the urgent need for continued efforts for the effective implementation in all its parts of General Assembly resolution 3212 (XXIX) of 1 November 1974 endorsed by the Security Council in its resolution 365 (1974) of 13 December 1974 and, to that end,

2. *Calls once again upon* all States to respect the sovereignty, independence, territorial integrity and non-alignment of the Republic of Cyprus and to refrain from all acts and interventions directed against it;

3. *Demands* the withdrawal without further delay of all foreign armed forces and foreign military presence and personnel from the Republic of Cyprus, and the cessation of all foreign interference in its affairs;

4. *Calls upon* the parties concerned to undertake urgent measures to facilitate the voluntary return of all refugees to their homes in safety and to settle all other aspects of the refugee problem;

5. *Calls* for the immediate resumption in a meaningful and constructive manner of the negotiations between the representatives of the two communities, under the auspices of the Secretary-General, to be conducted fairly on an equal footing with a view to reaching a mutually acceptable agreement based on their fundamental and legitimate rights;

6. *Urge* all parties to refrain from unilateral actions in contravention of resolution 3212 (XXIX), including changes in the demographic structure of Cyprus;

7. *Requests* the Secretary-General to continue his role in the negotiations between the representatives of the two communities;

8. *Also requests* the Secretary-General to bring the present resolution to the attention of the Security Council and to report on its implementation as soon as appropriate and not later than 31 March 1976;

9. *Calls upon* all parties to continue to co-operate fully with the United Nations Peace-keeping Force in Cyprus;

10. *Decides* to remain seized of this question.

2413th plenary meeting 20 November 1975


The General Assembly,

Recalling all its previous resolutions on co-operation between the United Nations and the Organization of African Unity, including in particular resolution 3280 (XXIX) of 10 December 1974,

Taking note of the relevant resolutions adopted by the Assembly of Heads of State and Government of the Organization of African Unity at its twelfth ordinary session, held at Kampala from 28 July to 1 August 1975,22

Taking into account the important statement made by the current Chairman of the Assembly of Heads of State and Government of the Organization of African Unity at the 2370th plenary meeting of the General Assembly on 1 October 1975,

Noting with satisfaction the continued efforts of the Organization of African Unity and the United Nations, the specialized agencies and other organizations within the United Nations system to help solve the serious problems which principally affect southern Africa,

Aware of the urgent need to give increased assistance to the victims of colonialism, racial discrimination and

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22 A/10297, annex II.