RESULTS OF THE REGIONAL SURVEY
REGIONAL SURVEY ON THE PROTECTION OF CULTURAL HERITAGE

• Questionnaire prepared in English and French

• Questions in the survey covered ratification of international normative instruments, legal protection, level of awareness of existing instruments and use of resources

• Questionnaire sent to UNESCO National Commissions for the 13 countries covered by the Regional Office for Eastern Africa and the adjacent Indian Ocean Island States

• Answers received from all 13 countries (100% response rate); although some replies did not correspond with ratification status

• Copies of the questionnaire and each country response will be shared with you on the USB Key provided with conference documents.
SURVEY RESULTS
CURRENT LEVEL OF CULTURAL HERITAGE PROTECTION IN THE REGION


Yes 54%
No 46%

(7/13) Eritrea, Ethiopia, Madagascar, Mauritius, Rwanda, Seychelles and Tanzania
SURVEY RESULTS
CURRENT LEVEL OF CULTURAL HERITAGE PROTECTION IN THE REGION


- Yes: 15%
- No: 85%

(2/13) Madagascar and Tanzania
SURVEY RESULTS
CURRENT LEVEL OF CULTURAL HERITAGE PROTECTION IN THE REGION


0%

None
SURVEY RESULTS
CURRENT LEVEL OF CULTURAL HERITAGE PROTECTION IN THE REGION

Appropriate Safeguarding Measures Adopted

- Yes: 38%
- No: 62%

(5/13) Ethiopia, Madagascar, Mauritius, Rwanda and South Sudan
SURVEY RESULTS
CURRENT LEVEL OF CULTURAL HERITAGE PROTECTION IN THE REGION

Military Regulations, Instructions, Provisions

- Yes: 23%
- No: 77%

(3/13) Eritrea, South Sudan and Tanzania
SURVEY RESULTS
CURRENT LEVEL OF CULTURAL HERITAGE PROTECTION IN THE REGION

Criminalization of deliberate destruction of cultural property under criminal legislation

(5/13) Comoros, Eritrea, Madagascar, Mauritius, Rwanda
SURVEY RESULTS
CURRENT LEVEL OF CULTURAL HERITAGE PROTECTION IN THE REGION


- Yes: 31%
- No: 69%

(4/13) Madagascar, Mauritius, South Sudan and Tanzania
SURVEY RESULTS
CURRENT LEVEL OF CULTURAL HERITAGE PROTECTION IN THE REGION


Yes 38%
No 62%

(5/13) Madagascar, Mauritius, Rwanda, Seychelles, and Tanzania
SURVEY RESULTS
CURRENT LEVEL OF CULTURAL HERITAGE PROTECTION IN THE REGION

Ratification of the 1995 UNIDROIT Convention on Stolen or Illegally Exported Cultural Objects

None
SURVEY RESULTS
CURRENT LEVEL OF CULTURAL HERITAGE PROTECTION IN THE REGION

National legislation/regulations adopted to prevent the illicit import/export and transfer of ownership of cultural property

Yes 46%
No 54%

(6/13) Ethiopia, Kenya, Mauritius, South Sudan, Tanzania and Uganda
SURVEY RESULTS
CURRENT LEVEL OF CULTURAL HERITAGE PROTECTION IN THE REGION

Establishment of specialized units to prevent and combat trafficking and ensure international cooperation for the protection of cultural heritage (i.e.: police, customs, etc.)

- Yes: 23%
- No: 77%

(3/13) Comoros, South Sudan and Uganda
SURVEY RESULTS
CURRENT LEVEL OF CULTURAL HERITAGE PROTECTION IN THE REGION

Adoption of specific measures concerning inventories, export certificates, monitoring trade, educational campaigns, etc. to strengthen the protection of cultural property

(6/13) Comoros, Eritrea, Madagascar, Mauritius, Seychelles and South Sudan
SURVEY RESULTS
CURRENT LEVEL OF CULTURAL HERITAGE PROTECTION IN THE REGION

Legal and/or operational measures taken to promote due diligence principles regarding the acquisition of cultural property

Yes 38%
No 62%

(5/13) Eritrea, Kenya, South Sudan Tanzania and Uganda
Appropriate measures taken to facilitate the return or restitution of any stolen and illegally imported cultural property (bilateral agreements, international cooperation through the judiciary or law enforcement units etc.)

Yes 23%

No 77%

(3/13) Eritrea, South Sudan and Tanzania
SURVEY RESULTS
CURRENT LEVEL OF CULTURAL HERITAGE PROTECTION IN THE REGION

Awareness of the 2015 UNESCO Recommendation concerning the Protection and Promotion of Museums and Collections, their Diversity and their Role in Society

Yes 54%
No 46%

(7/13) Comoros, Djibouti, Kenya, Mauritius, South Sudan, Tanzania and Uganda
SURVEY RESULTS
CURRENT LEVEL OF CULTURAL HERITAGE PROTECTION IN THE REGION

Measures taken to implement the 2015 UNESCO Museum Recommendation

- Yes: 38%
- No: 62%

(5/13) Comoros, Djibouti, Mauritius, South Sudan, and Tanzania
SURVEY RESULTS
CURRENT LEVEL OF CULTURAL HERITAGE PROTECTION IN THE REGION

Inventory of National Museum collections

Yes 69%
No 31%

(9/13) Comoros, Eritrea, Ethiopia, Madagascar, Mauritius, Rwanda, Seychelles, Tanzania and Uganda
SURVEY RESULTS
CURRENT LEVEL OF CULTURAL HERITAGE PROTECTION IN THE REGION

Standard format of inventory and documentation of museum collections at national level

- Yes: 62%
- No: 38%

(8/13) Comoros, Eritrea, Ethiopia, Madagascar, Mauritius, Rwanda, Seychelles and Tanzania
SURVEY RESULTS
CURRENT LEVEL OF CULTURAL HERITAGE PROTECTION IN THE REGION

Use of Object ID international standard for describing art, antiques and antiquities as part of museum inventory

Yes 38%
No 62%

(5/13) Eritrea, Ethiopia, Rwanda, Seychelles and Uganda
SURVEY RESULTS
CURRENT LEVEL OF CULTURAL HERITAGE PROTECTION IN THE REGION

Ratification of the 2006 Charter for African Cultural Renaissance

- Yes: 31%
- No: 69%

(4/13) Comoros, Madagascar, South Sudan and Tanzania
SURVEY RESULTS
CURRENT LEVEL OF CULTURAL HERITAGE PROTECTION IN THE REGION

Awareness of African Union Draft Model Law for the Protection of Cultural Property and Heritage

Yes 15%
No 85%

(2/13) Kenya and Mauritius
CONCLUSIONS

1) Overall low ratification rate and lack of awareness of international normative instruments
   - 7 for 1954 Convention; 5 for 1970 Convention
   - Only 2 ratifications of 1954 First protocol
   - No ratifications of 1954 Second Protocol and 1995 UNIDROIT
   - Low awareness of new UNESCO Museum Recommendation
   - Lack of awareness of AU Charter for African Cultural Renaissance

2) Need for awareness-raising and capacity building

3) Also need for UNESCO Member States to take advantage of existing tools, resources and expertise