International Register of Cultural Property under Special Protection

23 July 2015
### Description of the cultural property

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Paragraph II – Refuges</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td><strong>Hamlet of Steinberg in Upper Austria. Commune of Alt-Aussee (village). Administrative district of the town of Liezen. Judicial district of Bad-Aussee (village). Federal Province of Styria (Steiermark) whose capital city is Graz.</strong></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

The Alt-Aussee refuge for cultural property includes:

(a) (i) a disused salt mine consisting of the following galleries: “Springerwerk”, “Oberst Kammergrafenwerk”, “Helena von Sternbackwerk” and “König Josefswerk”.

(ii) the “Steinbergstollen” (Steinberg Gallery) leading to the mine; this forms the entrance to the mine and is at an altitude of approximately 900 m. It is approximately 200 m from the hamlet of Steinberg which is at about the same altitude and approximately 2,500 m from Alt-Aussee whose average altitude is 740 m.

(iii) a circular area having a radius of 5 km with the mine entrance as its centre.

(b) Underground area: ± 15,000 sq.m.

(c) Entry to the Steinberg Gallery is through a low building built onto the rockface and overhung by the upper part of this rockface. There is only one road, approximately 2 km long, from Alt-Aussee to the refuge. The summits of three mountains (Rehkogel – 1,263 m, Dietrichskogel – 1,126 m, and Törlstein – 924 m) form a triangle with the entrance to the mine in the middle.

(d) Longitude: 13° 44’ 45” East; Latitude: 47° 39’ 40” North.

### Date of registration

17 November 1967

### Despatch of copies of the entry

(a) and (b), UN, all States

### Cancellation

Cancelled on 12 September 2000
### Paragraph I – Refuge


**Zentraler Bergungsort (Central Refuge) Oberrieder Stollen**

(a) The refuge is situated about 2,500 m south-west of the Oberried municipal office.

(b) Area: approximately 1,440 sq.m. Sheltered by a gneiss massif about 200 m high, the main drift is 400 m long. There are two parallel side drifts, each 50 m long.

(c) It can be reached from the southern end of the village of Oberried by a road which, 1,000 m from the village exit, leads to a connecting road branching off to the right (westward) and reaching three houses after 230 m. From these three houses, which are situated at a bend in the road, the road runs uphill through the woods for another 260 m leading to a 400 sq. m circular open space in front of the actual entrance to the Central Refuge. The entrance itself is let into a rock wall. The drift can be reached directly via the L 126 road leading from Kirchzarten to Todtnau. The refuge is situated approximately 3 km, as the crow flies, from the Schauinsland Peak.

(d) Longitude: 7° 56’ 12” East
    Latitude: 47° 55’ 23” North.

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<tr>
<th>Description of the cultural property</th>
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</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Paragraph I – Refuge</td>
<td>24 April 1978</td>
<td>(a) and (b), UN, all States</td>
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</tbody>
</table>
### Description of the cultural property

**Paragraph II – Centre containing monuments**

1) Municipality of **Calakmul**, state of Campeche

   Ancient Maya City of **Calakmul**, Campeche

   a)  
   i. Geometry of area: Circle  
   ii. Coordinates: Radius of 4 km from the set coordinates in d)  
       infrad)  
   iii. Associated to the World Heritage property “Ancient Maya City and Protected Tropical Forests of Calakmul, Campeche”

   b) Area: 50’257,100 m²  
   c) 62,123.9 meters from the Town Hall at Xpujil  
   d) Longitude: 89° 48' 46.872" West;  

2) Municipality of **Tinum**, state of Yucatán

   Pre-Hispanic City of **Chichén Itzá**

   a)  
   i. Geometry of area: Trapezoid  
   ii. Vertices’ coordinates  
       1) 88°35' 25.754" W, 20°41' 38.197" N;  
       2) 88°35' 50.764" W, 20°39' 53.679" N;  
       3) 88°32' 52.842" W, 20°39' 33.660" N;  
       4) 88°32' 33.840" W, 20°40' 57.585" N.  
   iii. Associated to the World Heritage property “Pre-Hispanic City of Chichén Itzá”

   b) Area: 15’135,000 m²  
   c) 2,841.90 meters from Town Hall at Pisté  
   d) Longitude: 88° 34' 5.059" West;  
       Latitude: 20° 40’ 51.596” North.

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<td><strong>Paragraph II – Centre containing monuments</strong></td>
<td>30 March 2015</td>
<td>(a) and (b), UN, all States</td>
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- a)  
- b)  
- c)  
- d)  
- infrad)  
- Longitude: 89° 48' 46.872" West;  
- 50’257,100 m²  
- 62,123.9 meters from the Town Hall at Xpujil  
- 88°35' 25.754" W, 20°41' 38.197" N;  
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- 88°32' 33.840" W, 20°40' 57.585" N.  
- 15’135,000 m²  
- 2,841.90 meters from Town Hall at Pisté  
- 88° 34' 5.059" West;  
- 20° 40’ 51.596” North.
3) Municipality of Santa María Atzompa, state of Oaxaca.

Archaeological Site of Monte Albán

a) geometry of area: Trapezoid
   i. Vertexes’ coordinates
      1) 96°46‘ 18.744” W, 17°6’ 22.691” N;
      2) 96°48‘ 55.815” W, 17°5’ 9.939” N;
      3) 96°46‘ 21.839” W, 17°0’ 55.424” N;
      4) 96°44‘ 40.285” W, 17°2’ 5.426” N.
   ii. Associated to the World Heritage property “Historic Centre of Oaxaca and Archaeological Site of Monte Albán”

b) Area: 38’330,100 m²

c) Site of Monte Albán, 6,670.26 meters from the Town Hall at Santa María Atzompa
   Satellite site of Atzompa, 2,574.49 meters from the Town Hall at Santa María Atzompa

d) Site of Monte Albán
   Longitude: 96° 46‘ 4.255” West;
   Latitude: 17° 2’ 30.938” North.
   Satellite site of Atzompa
   Longitude: 96° 47‘ 0.902” West;
   Latitude: 17° 4’ 43.768” North.

4) Municipality of Palenque, state of Chiapas

Pre-Hispanic City and National Park of Palenque

a) geometry of area: Trapezoid
   i. Vertexes’ coordinates
      1) 92°4‘ 56.816” W, 17°30‘ 30.583” N;
      2) 92°5‘ 12.653” W, 17°28‘ 9.372” N;
      3) 92°1‘ 24.859” W, 17°30‘ 4.377” N;
      4) 92°1‘ 39.880” W, 17°27‘ 51.474” N.
   ii. Associated to the World Heritage property “Pre-Hispanic City and National Park of Palenque”

b) Area: 26’708,700 m²

c) 7,355.73 meters from the Town Hall at Palenque

d) Longitude: 92° 2‘ 46.731” West;
   Latitude: 17° 29‘ 2.297” North.
5) Municipality of Casas Grandes, state of Chihuahua
   Archaeological Zone of Paquimé, Casas Grandes
   a)  
      i.   Geometry of area: Circle
      ii.  Coordinates: Radius of 0.4 km from the set coordinates in d) infra
      iii. Associated to the World Heritage property “Archaeological Zone of Paquimé, Casas Grandes”
   b)   Area: 501,822 m²  
   c)   940.011 meters from the Town Hall at Casas Grandes  
   d)   Longitude: 107° 56' 52.429“ West;  
       Latitude: 30° 22' 0.558” North.

6) Municipality of Papantla, state of Veracruz
   El Tajín, Pre-Hispanic City
   a)  
      i.   Geometry of area: Circle
      ii.  Coordinates: Radius of 1.0 km from the set coordinates in d) infra
      iii. Associated to the World Heritage property “El Tajin, Pre-Hispanic City”
   b)   Area: 3’139,530 m²  
   c)   6,036.93 meters from the Town Hall at Papantla de Olarte  
   d)   Longitude: 97° 22' 41.064” West;  
       Latitude: 20° 26' 47.766” North.

7) Municipality of Teotihuacán, state of Estado de México
   Pre-Hispanic City of Teotihuacán
   a)  
      i.   Geometry of area: Circle
      ii.  Coordinates: Radius of 1.5 km from the set coordinates in d) infra
      iii. Associated to the World Heritage property “Pre-Hispanic City Of Teotihuacan”
   b)   Area: 7’065,460 m²  
   c)   1,835.34 meters from the Town Hall at Teotihuacán de Arista
8) Municipality of Santa Elena, state of Yucatán

Pre-Hispanic Town of Uxmal (N.B., along with the three archaeological satellite towns of Kabah, Labná and Sayil)

Town of Uxmal

a)  
   i. Geometry of area: Circle  
   ii. Coordinates: Radius of 1.0 km from the set coordinates in d) 1)  
      *infra*  
   iii. Associated to the World Heritage property “Pre-Hispanic Town of Uxmal”

b) Area: 3,139,530 m²  
c) 13,786.46 meters from the Town Hall at Santa Elena  
d) Longitude: 89° 46’ 13.573” West;  
   Latitude: 20° 21’ 33.437” North.

Satellite town of Kabah

a)  
   i. Geometry of area: Circle  
   ii. Coordinates: Radius of 1.2 km from the set coordinates in d)  
      *infra*  
   iii. Associated to the World Heritage property “Pre-Hispanic Town of Uxmal”

b) Area: 4,521,390 m²  
c) 8,419.43 meters from the Town Hall at Santa Elena  
d) Longitude: 89° 38’ 50.371” West;  
   Latitude: 20° 14’ 54.539” North.

Satellite town of Labná

a)  
   i. Geometry of area: Circle  
   ii. Coordinates: Radius of 1.7 km from the set coordinates in d)  
      *infra*  
   iii. Associated to the World Heritage property “Pre-Hispanic Town of Uxmal”
b) Area: 9'075,670 m²
c) 22,832.86 meters from the Town Hall at Oxkutzcab
d) Longitude: 89° 35’ 11.523” West;
   Latitude: 20° 10’ 11.593” North.

Satellite town of Sayil

a)  
   i. Geometry of area: Circle
   ii. Coordinates: Radius of 1.2 km from the set coordinates in d) infra
   iii. Associated to the World Heritage property “Pre-Hispanic Town of Uxmal”

b) Area: 4'521,390 m²
c) 16,742.83 meters from the Town Hall of Santa Elena
d) Longitude: 89° 39’ 6.302” West;
   Latitude: 20° 10’ 23.264” North.

9) Municipality of Temixco, state of Morelos

Archaeological Monuments Zone of Xochicalco

a)  
   i. Geometry of area: Circle
   ii. Coordinates: Radius of 1.9 km from the set coordinates in d) infra
   iii. Associated to the World Heritage property “Archaeological Monuments Zone of Xochicalco”

b) Area: 11´337,200 m²
c) 8,903.31 meters from the Town Hall at Temixco
d) Longitude: 99° 17’ 39.249” West;
   Latitude: 18° 48’ 18.698” North.
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<tr>
<td><strong>Paragraph II – Refuges</strong></td>
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<tr>
<td>1. Commune of Zandvoort, province of North Holland</td>
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<tr>
<td><strong>Zab refuge for cultural property</strong></td>
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<tr>
<td>(a) South-east of the town hall of Zandvoort</td>
<td>12 May 1969</td>
<td>(a) and (b), UN, all States</td>
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<tr>
<td>(b) Area: 150 sq. m at ground level</td>
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<tr>
<td>(c) The entrance to the Zab refuge at Zandvoort is situated 3,500 m, as the crow flies, to the south-east of the town hall of Zandvoort, 1,200 m west-north-west of the entrance of the dune water catchment area of the Amsterdam Water Service beside the Vogelenzangseweg, 1,975 m south-south-east of the entrance of the dune water catchment area of the Amsterdam Water Service beside the Zandvoortzelaan and 400 m to the north-east of the Sprankelkanaal-VanderVlietkanaal link</td>
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<td>(d) Longitude: 4° 33′ 46″ East</td>
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<td>(Latitude: 52° 20′ 46″ North</td>
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<tr>
<td>2. Commune of Zandvoort, province of North Holland</td>
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<td><strong>Zod refuge for cultural property</strong></td>
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<tr>
<td>(a) South-west of the Zab refuge</td>
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<tr>
<td>(b) Area: 150 sq. m at ground level</td>
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<tr>
<td>(c) The entrance to the refuge is situated 125 m to the south-west of the entrance to the Zab refuge</td>
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<tr>
<td>3. Commune of Heemskerk, province of North Holland</td>
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<tr>
<td><strong>Nef refuge for cultural property</strong></td>
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<tr>
<td>(a) West of the town hall of Heemskerk, next to the Oudendijk dike</td>
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<tr>
<td>(b) Area: 150 sq. m at ground level</td>
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<tr>
<td>(c) The entrance to the Nef refuge at Heemskerk is situated 3,300 m as the crow flies to the west of the town hall of Heemskerk, 1,900 m to the west of the Oudendijk-Rijksstraatweg “T” junction and 600 m to the north-west of the beginning of the Achterweg taking the Oudendijk as the starting point.</td>
<td></td>
<td>Cancelled on 22 September 1994</td>
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</tbody>
</table>
4. Commune of Heemskerk, province of North Holland

**Nhgh refuge for cultural property**

(a) North-east of the Nef refuge  
(b) Area: 161 sq. m at ground level  
(c) The entrance to the Nhgh refuge is situated 87 m to the north-east of the entrance to the Nef refuge at Heemskerk  
(d) Longitude: 4° 37' 35" East;  
Latitude: 52° 31' 05" North

5. Commune of Steenwijkerwold, province of Overijssel

**Paaslo refuge for cultural property**

(a) Paasloregel Street, leading off the road from Steenwijk to Oldemarkt  
(b) Area: 452 sq. m  
(c) The Paaslo refuge (commune of Steenwijkerwold) is 4 km from the town hall of the commune of Oldemarkt in an easterly direction. The nearest hamlet, Paaslo, is situated in the commune of Oldemarkt. The refuge is situated alongside the Paasloregel, a side street leading off the provincial road from Steenwijk to Oldemarkt, via Tuk, and is in the middle of a wood, which means that the refuge cannot be seen from the provincial road.  
(d) Longitude: 6° 01' 49" East;  
Latitude: 52° 48' 50" North

6. Commune of Maastricht, province of Limburg

**St-Pietersberg refuge for cultural property**

(a) Laid out inside the St-Pietersberg hill  
(b) Area: 96 sq. m at ground level  
(c) The main (eastern) entrance of the refuge at Maastricht (St-Pietersberg) is 7,300 m from the town hall of Maastricht in a southerly direction. Other indications: from the old church of “St Pieter” (Observantenweg), proceed 170 m north-north-west, then take the pathway on the left through the fields which then runs between high banks and after 140 m you come to the entrance to the system of galleries which forms the refuge.  
(d) Longitude: 5° 41’ 10” East;  
Latitude: 50° 50’ 01” North.
I. **Paragraph II – Centre containing monuments**

Stato della Città del Vaticano

The whole of the territory

(a) Bounded to the east by the streets which border the Piazza San Pietro outside the Bernini Colonnade, and the walls which follow the Via di Porta Angelica, the Piazza del Risorgimento and part of the Via Leone IV; to the north, west and south by the walls which follow the Viale Vaticano; to the south-east by an imaginary line which follows the western and northern boundary of the Camposanto Teutonico as far as the facade of the church of Santa Maria della Pietà and the Via della Sargestia. Main cultural properties: Basilica di San Pietro (Saint Peter’s Basilica) and archeological remains, Palazzi del Vaticano (the Vatican Palaces) with their museums, Biblioteca Vaticana (the Vatican Library), Archivi segreti (Secret archives).

(b) Area: approximately 440,000 sq. m.

(c) The “Governatorato” is situated approximately in the centre, in the gardens, to the west of Saint Peter’s Basilica.

(d) Longitude: 12° 26’ 55” East; Latitude: 41° 54’ 06” North.

A major road (Via Aurelia) runs close to the southern frontier of the City, on Italian territory. The Italian Government has made a statement on this subject which was communicated to the High Contracting Parties by letter MUS/BC/8(20).1/1-29 dated 18 September 1959.

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<tr>
<td>I. <strong>Paragraph II – Centre containing monuments</strong></td>
<td>18 January 1960</td>
<td>(a) and (b) 10 February 1960</td>
<td>UN, all States</td>
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<tr>
<td></td>
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<td>5 May 1961: Cyprus, Kuwait, Nigeria, Somalia, Congo (Braz.), Cameroon, Congo (Leopold), Ivory Coast, Dahomey, Gabon, Upper Volta, Madagascar, Mali, Niger, Central African Rep., Senegal, Chad, Togo</td>
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<td>25 May 1962: Mauritania, Tanganyika, Sierra Leone</td>
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<td>1 March 1963: Uganda, Rwanda, Burundi, Algeria, Mongolia</td>
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<td>9 March 1964: Trinidad, Jamaica</td>
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<td>10 March 1965: Kenya, Malawi, Zambia</td>
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<td>2 June 1965: Malta</td>
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<td>22 December 1965: Singapore</td>
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<td>7 July 1967: Guyana</td>
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